Longitudinal Assessment of Ellipsoid Zone Recovery using *En Face* OCT after Retinal Detachment Surgery

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Summary

Purpose

Patients with rhegmatogenous retinal detachment (RRD) often experience poor functional outcomes.

This study was undertaken to provide quantitative assessment on *en face* OCT findings in patients with macula-off RRD.

Methods

This is a *post hoc* analysis of the PIVOT RCT.

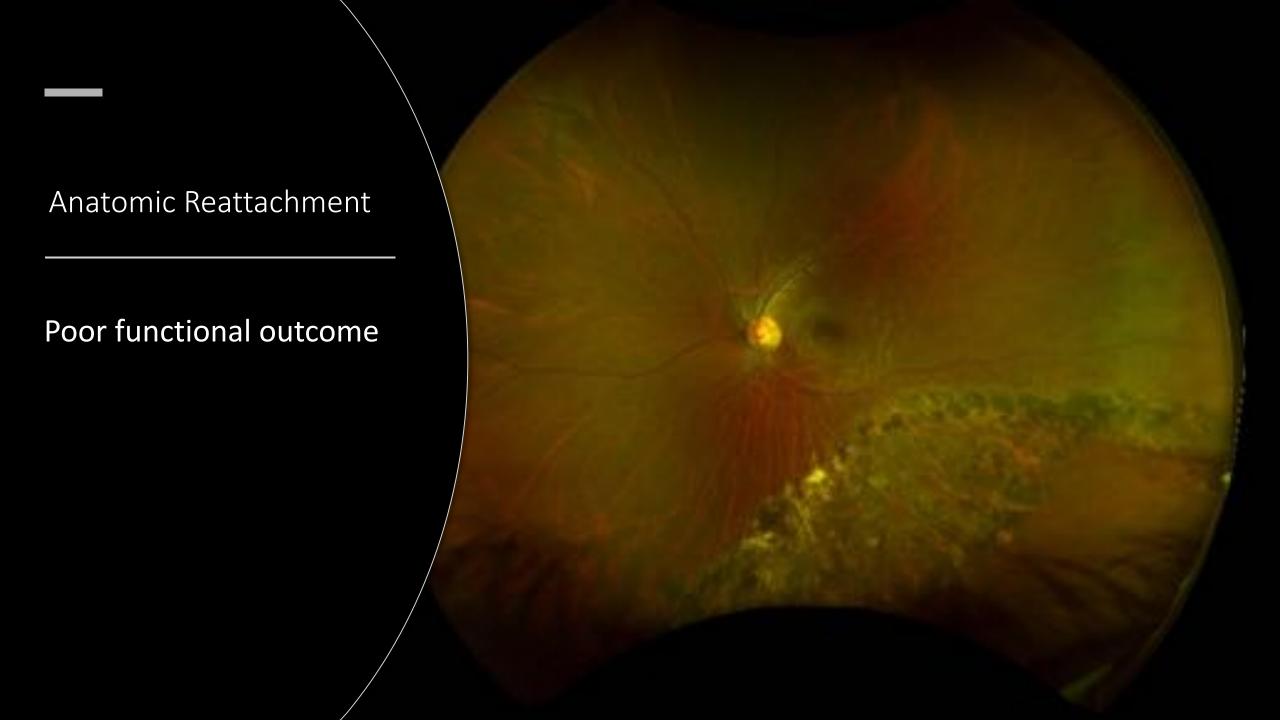
SD-OCT *en face* images of the EZ slab at 3, 6, 12, and 24 months post surgery were analyzed.

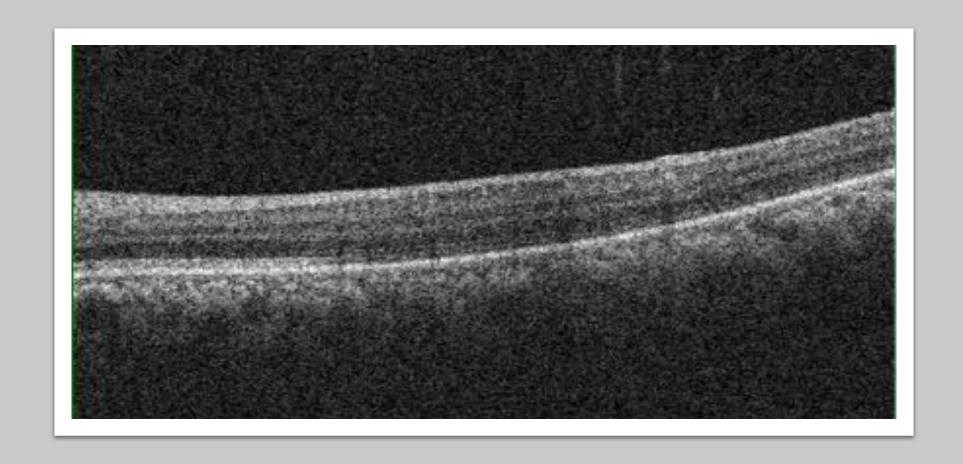
Hyporeflective areas were manually measured by two graders using ImageJ.

Results

- A statistically significant reduction was observed in the mean area of hyporeflectivity over time, F(3,87) = 14.85, p < .0005.
- There was moderate negative correlation between change in hyporeflective area and change in ETDRS letters from 3 to 24 months, r(31) = -0.46, p = .007.

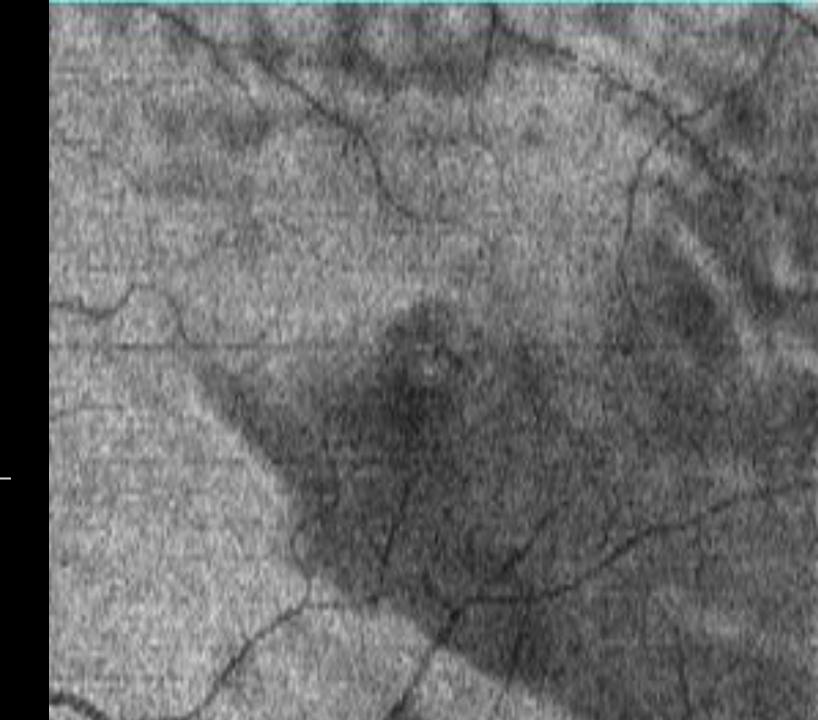
- EZ recovery can be quantitatively documented after RRD surgery using enface OCT.
- A steady reduction in the area of abnormal central EZ was observed over time and correlated with ETDRS improvement in patients with macula-off RRD.





EZ abnormalities

Hyporeflective regions on *en face* OCT



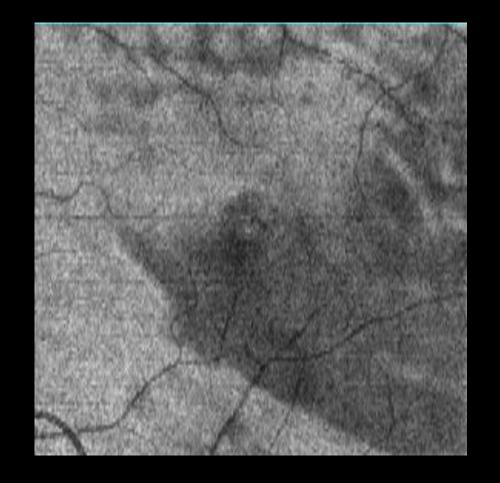
Methods

Results

Conclusions

Objectives:

- To quantitatively assess EZ recovery using en face
 OCT after RRD surgery.
- To determine the correlation between EZ recovery and improvement in visual acuity.

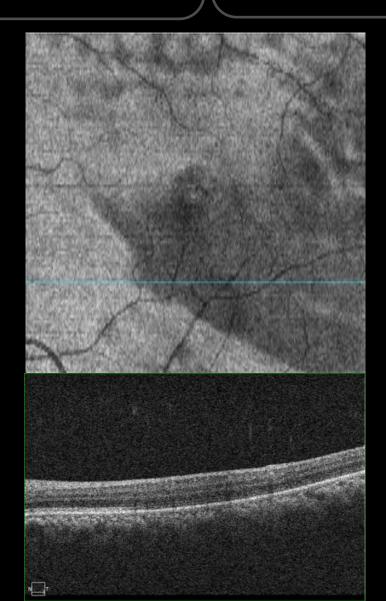


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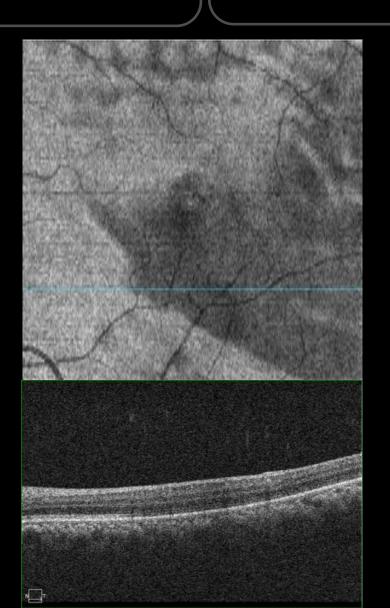
 This is a post hoc analysis of patients enrolled in the PIVOT RCT with macula-off RRD.



Methods

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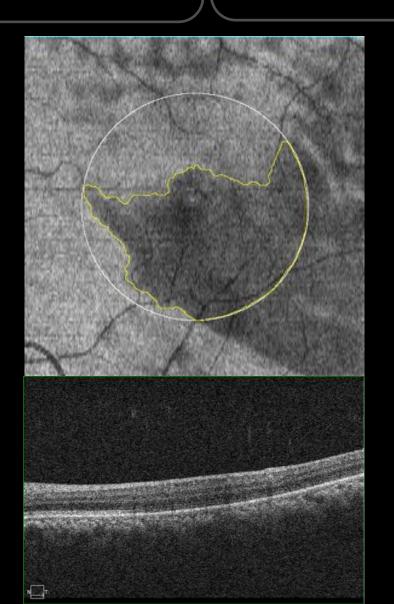
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- En face images of the EZ slab at 3, 6, 12, and 24 months post-operatively.



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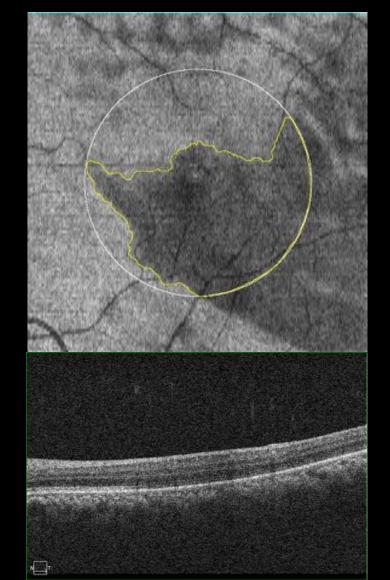
- This is a post hoc analysis of patients enrolled in the PIVOT RCT with macula-off RRD.
- En face images of the EZ slab at 3, 6, 12, and 24 months post-operatively.
- Hyporeflective areas were co-localized with EZ abnormalities on the B-Scan and manually measured by two masked graders using ImageJ.



Methods

Results

| Intraclass Correlation Coefficient | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----|-------|--|
| | Intraclass | 95% Confide | 5% Confidence Interval | | F Test with True Value 0 | | | |
| | Correlation ^b | Lower Bound | Upper Bound | Value | df1 | df2 | Sig | |
| Single Measures | .813ª | 0.674 | 0.896 | 9.979 | 39 | 39 | 0.000 | |
| Average Measures | .897° | 0.805 | 0.945 | 9.979 | 39 | 39 | 0.000 | |

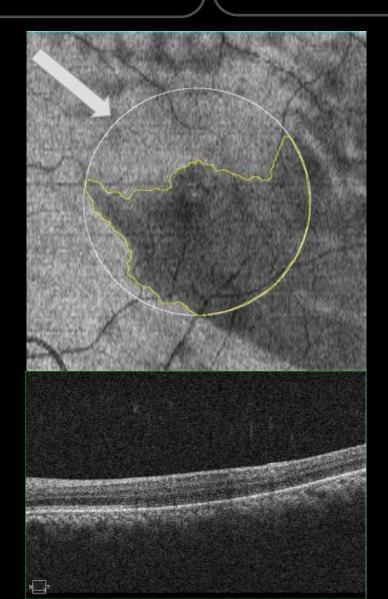


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The region of interest was defined as a circle with
 4mm diameter in the center of the enface image.



Methods

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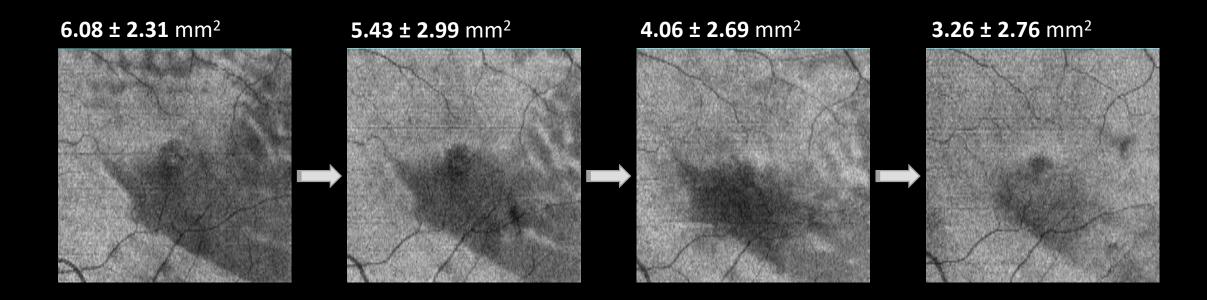
Conclusions

• 181 images of 52 patients were analyzed.

Methods

Results

- 181 images of 52 patients were analyzed.
- A statistically significant reduction was observed in the mean area of the hyporeflectivity over time
 - F(3,87) = 14.85, p < .0005



Methods

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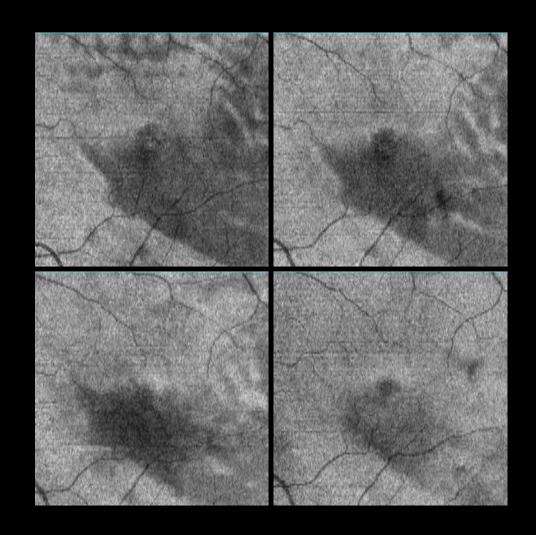
• The mean abnormal area significantly decreased from 3 to 12 months (2.01 (95% CI, 0.64-3.38) mm2, p = .002), and from 3 to 24 months (2.81 (95% CI, 1.34-4.28) mm2, p < .0001).

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- Additionally, there was moderate negative correlation between change in hyporeflective area and change in ETDRS letters from 3 to 24 months, r(31) = -0.46, p = .007.

... going back to the patient

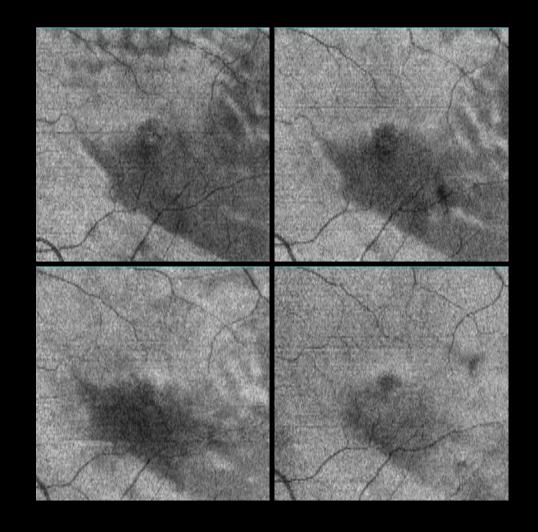


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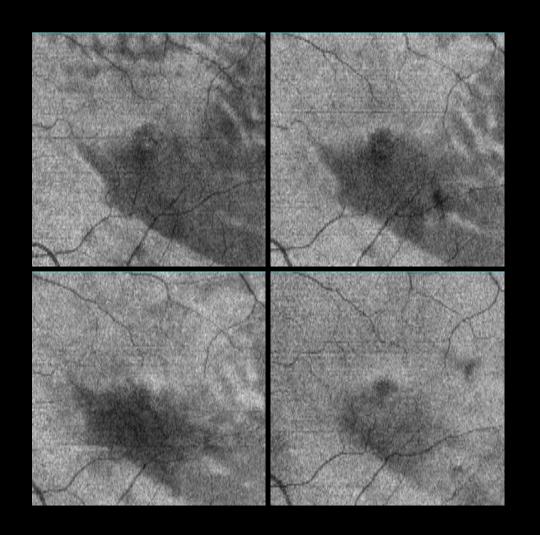
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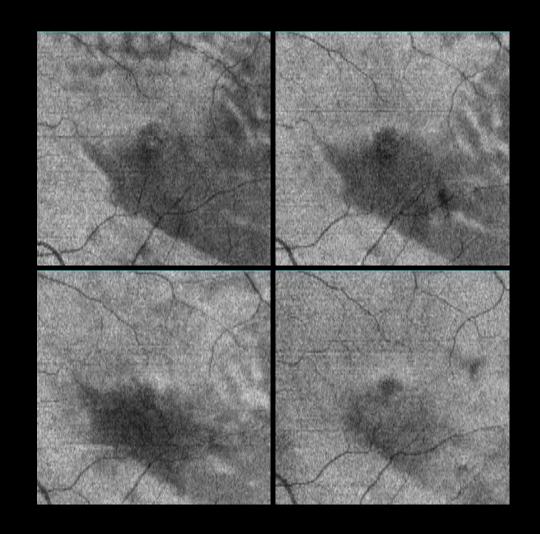
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Methods

Results

- EZ recovery can be quantitatively documented after RRD surgery using enface OCT.
- A steady reduction in the area of abnormal central EZ was observed over time and correlated with ETDRS improvement in patients with macula-off RRD.
- Hyporeflective areas on en face OCT may serve as a useful biomarker for EZ integrity, functional outcomes and long-term visual prognosis following RRD repair.



Thank you!

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